Weakenings of normality and special sets of reals

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The existence of almost disjoint families whose Ψ-spaces have various weak forms of normality are considered. For example, an almost disjoint family A on ω is said to be strongly $\aleph_0$ separated if for any two disjoint countable subsets of A, there is a partition of ω separating them. In the case that A is a set of branches in $2^{<\omega}$, this property is characterized by a property of the corresponding subset of 2^ω that is weaker than the classical λ-set property.

This is part of joint work appearing in [1] and [2].

[1] S. Garcia-Balan and P. Szeptycki, *Weak normality properties in Ψ-spaces*, Fund. Math., 258 (2022), pp. 137–151.

[2] V. de Oliveira Rodrigues, V. dos Santos Ronchim, and P. Szeptycki, *Special sets of reals and weak forms of normality in Isbell–Mrówka spaces*, Comm. Math. Univ. Car., to appear.