

Topologies related to (I)-envelopes

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(I)-generation and (I)-envelopes

Theorem [Fonf & Lindenstrauss, 2003]

Let X be a (real) Banach space, $K \subset X^*$ convex, weak*-compact, $B \subset K$ a **boundary**, i.e.,

$$\forall x \in X \exists b \in B: b(x) = \max \langle K, x \rangle,$$

then B **(I)-generates** K , i.e.,

$$B = \bigcup_n B_n \Rightarrow K = \overline{\text{conv} \bigcup_n \overline{\text{conv} B_n}^{w^* \|\cdot\|}}.$$

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Definition [OK, 2007]

Let X be a Banach space and $A \subset X^*$. The **(I)-envelope** of A is defined by

$$(I)\text{-env}(A) = \bigcap \left\{ \overline{\operatorname{conv} \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \overline{\operatorname{conv} A_n}^{w^*}}^{\|\cdot\|} ; A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \right\}.$$

- ▶ $(I)\text{-env}(A)$ is a norm-closed convex set containing A .

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- ▶ $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \bigcap \left\{ \overline{\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{conv } A_n}^{w^* \|\cdot\|} ; A_n \nearrow A, A_n \text{ bounded} \right\}$.

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- ▶ $(I)\text{-env}((I)\text{-env}(A)) = (I)\text{-env}(A)$.
- ▶ A is norm-separable $\Rightarrow (I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^{\|\cdot\|}$.

Some applications of (I)-envelopes

- ▶ A proof of James' compactness theorem in separable Banach spaces and in some more general Banach spaces (with weak*-sequentially compact dual unit ball).

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- ▶ A geometric reformulation of Simons equality.
- ▶ A characterization of Grothendieck spaces:
$$X \text{ is Grothendieck} \Leftrightarrow (I)\text{-env}(X) = X^{**}.$$
- ▶ [Bendová 2014] A characterization of quantitatively Grothendieck spaces:
$$X \text{ is } c\text{-Grothendieck} \Leftrightarrow (I)\text{-env}(B_X) \supset \frac{1}{c} \cdot B_{X^{**}}.$$

Our main problem

Question

Is there a (locally convex) topology τ on X^* such that

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- ▶ X^* separable $\Rightarrow \tau = \|\cdot\|$ works.

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Sometimes yes.

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- ▶ [Fonf & Lindenstrauss, 2003]
 X separable, $\ell_1 \not\subset X \Rightarrow \tau = \|\cdot\|$ works.

Lemma [OK, 2007]

Let X be a Banach space, $A \subset X^*$ and $\eta \in X^*$. The following assertions are equivalent.

1. $\eta \notin (I)\text{-env}(A)$.
2. There is a sequence (x_n) in B_X such that
$$\sup_{\xi \in A} \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \operatorname{Re} \xi(x_n) < \inf_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \operatorname{Re} \eta(x_n).$$
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Locally convex case – a positive result

Notation

For a Banach space X set

$$B_1(X) = \{x^{**} \in X^{**} ; \exists (x_n) \text{ a sequence in } X : x_n \xrightarrow{w^*} x^{**}\},$$

$$C(X) = \{x^{**} \in X^{**} ; \exists C \subset X \text{ countable} : x^{**} \in \overline{C}^{w^*}\}.$$

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Proposition

Let X be a Banach space and $A \subset X^*$. Then

$$\overline{\text{conv } A}^{\sigma(X^*, C(X))} \subset (\text{I})\text{-env}(A) \subset \overline{\text{conv } A}^{\sigma(X^*, B_1(X))}.$$

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Theorem

Assume that X is a Banach space not containing an isomorphic copy of ℓ^1 . Then $B_1(X) = C(X)$, hence for any set $A \subset X^*$ we have

$$(\text{I})\text{-env } A = \overline{\text{conv } A}^{\sigma(X^*, B_1(X))}.$$

Locally convex case – a necessary condition

Lemma

Let X be a Banach space.

- ▶ Let $Y \subset X^*$ be a **linear subspace**. Then
(I)-env(Y) = $\{\eta \in X^* ; \forall (x_n)$ sequence in $B_X :$

$$x_n \xrightarrow{\sigma(X, Y)} 0 \Rightarrow \eta(x_n) \rightarrow 0\}.$$

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- ▶ Assume that $x^{**} \in X^{**}$. Then

$$(I)\text{-env}(\ker x^{**}) = \begin{cases} \ker x^{**} & x^{**} \in B_1(X) \\ X^* & x^{**} \notin B_1(X). \end{cases}$$

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Corollary

Let X be a Banach space. Assume that there is a locally convex topology τ on X^* such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each $A \subset X^*$. Then $(X^*, \tau)^* = B_1(X)$.

Locally convex case – a counterexample

Proposition

Let X be a Banach space. The following assertions are equivalent.

1. There is a locally convex topology τ on X^* such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each $A \subset X^*$.
2. $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^{\sigma(X^*, B_1(X))}$ for each $A \subset X^*$.

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Example

There is no locally convex topology τ on $(\ell^1)^*$ such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each $A \subset (\ell^1)^*$.

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Proof

$$\blacktriangleright B_1(\ell^1) = \ell^1 \Rightarrow \sigma((\ell^1)^*, B_1(\ell^1)) = w^*$$

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There is no locally convex topology τ on $(\ell^1)^*$ such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each $A \subset (\ell^1)^*$.

Proof

- ▶ $B_1(\ell^1) = \ell^1 \Rightarrow \sigma((\ell^1)^*, B_1(\ell^1)) = w^*$
- ▶ $A = c_0 \subset \ell^\infty = (\ell^1)^*$

Some more counterexamples

Similar examples may be found in X^* in the following cases:

- ▶ X is a non-reflexive weakly sequentially complete Banach space;

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Similar examples may be found in X^* in the following cases:

- ▶ X is a non-reflexive weakly sequentially complete Banach space;
- ▶ X contains a complemented copy of ℓ^1 ;
- ▶ $X = C(K)$ where K is an uncountable metrizable compact space.

Question

Is it true that $\ell_1 \not\subset X$ if and only if there is a locally convex topology τ on X^* such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each $A \subset X^*$?

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Question

Is there a locally convex topology on X^* such that $(I)\text{-env}(A) = \overline{\text{conv } A}^\tau$ for each **bounded** $A \subset X^*$?

Topological case – a naive try

Definition

For $A \subset X^*$ define

$$\blacktriangleright (I)\text{-cl}(A) = \bigcap \left\{ \overline{\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \overline{A_n}^{w^*} \|\cdot\|} ; A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \right\}$$

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Facts

- ▶ $(I)\text{-cl}$ and $(I)\text{-ccl}$ are idempotent closure operators.

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Example

Let $X = C[0, 1]$ and let A consist of countably supported probabilities on $[0, 1]$. Then A is convex and

$$(I)\text{-cl}(A) = (I)\text{-ccl}(A) = A \subsetneq P[0, 1] = (I)\text{-env}(A).$$

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For $A \subset X^*$ define

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Theorem

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3. $(I)\text{-env}(A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n) = (I)\text{-env}(A_1) \cup \dots \cup (I)\text{-env}(A_n)$ whenever $A_1, \dots, A_n \subset X^*$ are convex and $A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n$ is convex as well.

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Does 3 hold for any Banach space? Does it hold for $X = \ell^1$?

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Thank you for your attention.